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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/750,845	01/05/2004	Sung-Chul Kang	6192.0338.US	3873
75	90 03/17/2005		EXAMINER	
McGuireWoods LLP			CHU, JOHN S Y	
Suite 1800 1750 Tysons Bl	vd.		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
McLean, VA			1752	
			DATE MAILED: 03/17/2005	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			W.
	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
·	10/750,845 KANG ET AL.		
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	John S. Chu	1752	
The MAILING DATE of this communication ap Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet w	vith the correspondence addres	:s
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply secified above is less than thirty (30) days, a report of the period for reply is specified above, the maximum state of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statut Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a ply within the statutory minimum of th d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MC te. cause the application to become A	reply be timely filed irty (30) days will be considered timely. INTHS from the mailing date of this commu	nication.
Status			
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>05</u> .	January 2004.	•	
<u> </u>	is action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa			rits is
closed in accordance with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.	D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims			
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are pending in the application	n.		
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra			
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-4 and 6-10</u> is/are rejected.			
7) Claim(s) <u>5</u> is/are objected to.			
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	or election requirement.		
Application Papers			
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examin	er.		
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ ac	cepted or b) objected to	by the Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	e drawing(s) be held in abeya	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct			
11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the E	xaminer. Note the attache	ed Office Action or form PTO-1	52.
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			į
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of: 1.⊠ Certified copies of the priority document		§ 119(a)-(d) or (f).	
2. Certified copies of the priority documen	nts have been received in .	Application No	
3. Copies of the certified copies of the price	•	n received in this National Stag	ge
application from the International Burea	, ,,,		
* See the attached detailed Office action for a lis	t of the certified copies no	t received.	
Attachment(s)			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		Summary (PTO-413)	
 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 		(s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PTO-152	,
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	**	'

DETAILED ACTION

This Office action is in response to the application filed January 5, 2004.

1. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: Claim 3 includes a typographical error for ethyl "acetate" (EL). The intended solvent based on the specification page 5, line 15 discloses ethyl <u>lactate</u> (EL) which appears to be the intended solvent.

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 3. Claims 1-3, 6-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by JEFFRIES, III et al (5,346,799) or EBERSOLE (5,324,620).

The claimed invention is drawn to the following:

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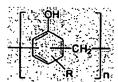
1. A photoresist composition for an MMN head coater comprising:

(a) 5 to 30 wt% of a polymer resin represented by the following Chemical

Formula 1:

- (b) 2 to 10 wt% of a diazide photoactive compound;
- (c) 50 to 90 wt% of an organic solvent; and
- (d) 500 to 4000 ppm of a Si-based surfactant:

Chemical Formula 1



wherein R is C₁ to C₄ alkyl, and n is an integer of 15 to 10,000.

JEFFRIES, III et al '799 discloses a photoresist composition comprising a novolak resin made from the condensation reaction of several phenolic compounds and an aldehyde. These compositions further use a photoactive component the claimed o-quinone diazide compounds as disclosed in column 6, line 15 – column 9, line 26 are used as photoresists for making miniature electronic components as well as printed wiring boards. Applicants are specifically directed to column 15, lines 10-61 under "PREPARATION OF PHOTORESISTS", wherein the use of a leveling agent made of alkyl resin/silicone surfactant (lines 41-43) is added to the photoresist composition at a final concentration of 0.3 weight percent (in other words 3000 ppm). This disclosure clearly anticipates the claimed invention at ingredient (d) for the recited "500-4000 ppm of a Si-based surfactant" as recited in claim 1. The disclosure in column 15, lines 30-32 recites the solvent mixture of ethyl lactate and 3-ethoxypropionate used in the photoresist composition. This disclosure anticipates the embodiments of claim 3 for the organic solvent used in the photoresist composition.

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The claimed pattern formation process is anticipated in <u>column 15</u>, <u>lines 62 – column 16</u>, <u>line 18</u> under the heading "D. Coating, Softbaking, Exposure, Post Exposure Baking, and Developing of the Photoresists".

EBERSOLE '620 likewise discloses a photoresist composition comprising a novolak resin and o-quinone diazide esters as a photoactive compound, see column 5, line 47 – column 7, line 13 for the disclosure of a novolak resin and column 7, line 38 – column 10, line 53 for the disclosure of the o-quinonediazide compound. With respect to the claimed ingredient (d) of "500-4000 ppm of a Si-based surfactant", applicants are specifically directed column 18, lines 55-59 wherein a "leveling agent" described as an alkyl resin/silicone surfactant was added to give a final concentration of 0.06% (equivalent to 600 ppm).

For the preferred solvent used in the photoresist composition, EBERSOLE discloses the use of ethyl lactate, alone or in a mixture with 3-ethoxy proprionate. This disclosure anticipates the claim limitations of claim 3.

The claimed pattern formation process is anticipated in <u>column 19</u>, lines 4-37 under the heading "D. Coating, Softbaking, Exposure, Post Exposure Baking, and Developing of the Photoresists".

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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5. Claims 1-4 and 6-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over JEFFRIES, III et al (5,346,799) or EBERSOLE (5,324,620) in view of KODAMA et al (5,853,949).

The claimed invention has been recited above and is included by reference wherein claim 6 drawn to the addition of a crosslinking agent is shown below:

6. The photoresist composition according to Claim 1, wherein the composition further comprise the nitrogen-containing crosslinking agent of one or more selected from a group consisting of a condensation product of urea and formaldehyde, a condensation product of melamine and formaldehyde, a methylol urea alkyl aldehyde condensate, one of a methylol urea alkylether series, and one of a methylol melamine alkylether series.

Each of JEFFRIES, III et al, or EBERSOLE recite a photoresist composition comprising a S-based surfactant in a composition comprising a novolak resin and a quinonediazide compound. Said references fail to teach the use of a crosslinking agent in the photoresist composition as currently recited in claim 6.

KODAMA et al '949 discloses a positive photoresist composition comprising a novolak resin and a quinonediazide compound with the addition of a polyphenol compound, see <u>column 6, lines 32 – column 7, line 60</u> for the alkali-soluble resin and photosensitive compound.

Applicants are directed to <u>column 11, lines 46-51</u> wherein KODAMA et al teaches the use of surfactants being Si-based. In fact the same surfactants as disclosed in JEFFRIES, III et al and EBERSOLE are disclosed here in KODAMA et al, see the surfactant trade name of FLORAD FC-430 in <u>column 11</u>, line 46.

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The primary disclosure which the examiner relies on is found in column 12, lines 40-56 wherein KODAMA et al discloses the suitable use of crosslinking agents which serve to improve the dry etching resistance, improve sensitivity and heat resistance, yet not alter the positive working property of the photoresist composition. Specific crosslinking agents include melamine-formaldehyde and others like benzoguanamine and glycouril-formaldehyde. Thus the skilled artisan is motivated to use such components to improve the photoresist image that is formed.

It would have been *prima facie* obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art of positive photoresist compositions to add a crosslinking agent, such as melamine-formaldehyde into the photoresist composition of JEFFRIES, III et al or EBERSOLE as an agent to improve dry etching resistance, and heat resistance and reasonably expect same or similar results as disclosed in JEFFRIES, III et al or EBERSOLE for high thermal resistance and low scumming upon development.

6. Claim 5 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Claim 5 recites a specific surfactant, which is not disclosed in any of the prior art references of record.

7. Applicants are asked to provide any related information <u>under 37 C.F.R. 1.105</u> for the surfactant of ingredient (d), which is sold as a <u>commercial product</u>; and/or information such as <u>trade names of the surfactant</u> and/or uses in formulations described as a trade name products.

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8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Examiner Chu whose telephone number is (571) 272-1329. The

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examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday from 9:30 am to 6:00 pm.

The fax phone number for the USPTO is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding

should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (571) 272-1700.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent

Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications

may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished

applications is available through Private PMR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

John S. Chu

Primary Examiner, Group 1700

J.Chu

- March 9, 2005